The United States is committed to supporting Ukraine’s sovereignty and territorial integrity, its reform agenda, and the European aspirations of its people. Following Ukraine’s change of government in early 2014, the United States expanded its assistance to help the new government address urgent needs, including economic and political reforms, security challenges, and countering corruption. In addition, the United States has provided humanitarian and reconstruction assistance in response to an ongoing conflict with Russia-backed separatists in Ukraine’s southeast. In total, the United States committed approximately $340 million in assistance to Ukraine in 2014, in addition to a $1 billion sovereign loan guarantee issued in May 2014. Illustrative activities are summarized below.

**Illustrative Assistance Activities by U.S. Goal**

**Security Sector Capacity and Reform (approx. $118 million)**
- The U.S. government committed to provide equipment and training to Ukraine’s Armed Forces, State Border Guard Service, and National Guard to help Ukraine better monitor and secure its border, operate more safely and effectively, and preserve and enforce its territorial integrity.
- This included body armor, vehicles, night and thermal vision devices, heavy engineering equipment, radios, patrol boats, rations, tents, counter-mortar radars, and other related items.
- The United States also began to work with Ukraine to improve its capacity to provide for its own defense and set the stage for longer-term defense reform and cooperation.

**Humanitarian Assistance and Early Recovery (approx. $22 million)**
- The U.S. government contributed to the work of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees, the International Organization for Migration, the International Committee of the Red Cross, the United Nations Population Fund, the UN Office of the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, and non-governmental organizations.
- These contributions helped communities throughout Ukraine receive persons displaced by fighting in Ukraine’s southeast and the Russian seizure and occupation of Crimea, including through the provision of food, money, hygiene kits, medicines, and domestic and winter items.
The U.S. government also supported efforts to address the humanitarian needs of vulnerable populations in Ukraine’s southeast, including through the procurement and distribution of safe drinking water, relief commodities, and items needed to survive the winter. The United States also provided immediate support for economic recovery, small infrastructure repair, and restoration of public services in conflict-affected areas in the east.

Economic Resilience and Energy Security ($1 billion loan guarantee plus approx. $33 million in other forms of assistance)
- The United States issued a $1 billion loan guarantee in May 2014, which allowed the government to better protect citizens from the effects of urgent economic adjustments, including by expanding the social safety net.
- U.S. advisors began helping to stabilize Ukraine’s financial sector and implement key financial sector reforms.
- The United States expanded its assistance to advance reforms that encourage investments in the agricultural sector, diversify trade markets, improve public financial management to increase transparency and maximize revenues, and assist communities.
- U.S. assistance helped to build the expertise of Ukrainian trade officials on World Trade Organization obligations and rights, trade facilitation, and food safety standards.
- U.S. experts advised on energy-related social safety net reforms and tariff regulations, energy efficiency, and reform of Ukraine’s national oil and gas company, Naftogaz. U.S. assistance also helped to develop contingency plans for the winter and began to help boost yields at existing energy fields and integrate energy systems into those of the European Union.

Monitoring, Democracy, Rule of Law, and Anti-Corruption (approx. $74 million)
- U.S. support for the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe’s Special Monitoring Mission helped it to report on conditions on the ground, facilitate access for international experts to the MH17 crash site, and monitor implementation of the September Minsk cease-fire agreement.
- The United States supported democratic elections, independent media, access to information, civil society the ability of government institutions and civil society to engage with each other.
- U.S. assistance supported implementation of the new Criminal Procedure Code, modernization of the Law on Prosecutor’s Service, and implementation of other new justice-sector reforms.
- The United States supported Ukraine’s efforts to recover stolen assets, advance procurement reform, improve the legal and regulatory framework, establish anti-corruption institutions, conduct anti-corruption auditing, expand e-governance, and improve compliance procedures.

Senior Advisors and Other Sectors (approx. $93 million)
- U.S. assistance supported prevention, care, and treatment of HIV/AIDS and tuberculosis and expanded access to family planning and reproductive health care.
- The United States also continued to contribute to international efforts to ensure the safety of the Chornobyl accident site.

FOR MORE INFORMATION:
U.S. Embassy Website  www.foreignassistance.gov  Millennium Challenge Corporation

*This fact sheet does not reflect Peace Corps funding or certain centrally managed or regional Foreign Operations funding that is not specifically budgeted for Ukraine.